

**MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2008 question paper**

**0418 INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**

**0418/01**

Paper 1 (Written), maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

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- 1   **A** Desktop computer (1)  
      **B** Laser printer (1)  
      **C** PIN pad (1)  
      **D** Microphone (1)  
      **E** Laptop computer (1) [5]

- 2   Floppy disc (1)  
      Hard disc (1) [2]

- 3   False (1)  
      True (1)  
      True (1)  
      False (1)  
      True (1) [5]

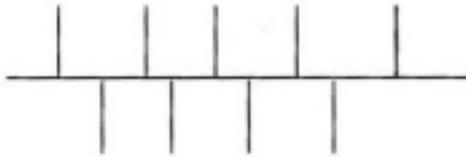
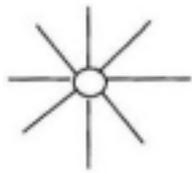
- 4   Dot matrix printer → high quality high volume output (1)  
      Laser printer → high quality low volume output (1)  
      Inkjet printer → multimedia presentation (1)  
      Monitor → very large high quality printouts (1)  
      Graph plotter → continuous stationery (1) [5]

- 5   **(a)** Magnetic tape (1)  
      **(b)** Chip (1)  
      **(c)** DVD ROM (1)  
      **(d)** Barcode (1) [4]

- 6   Right            90  
      Forward       70  
      Right           90  
      Forward       60  
      Penup  
      Forward       80  
      Pendown  
      Forward       85  
      Penup  
      Right           90  
      Forward       50  
      Pendown  
      Forward       20  
      Right           90  
      Forward       100
- (1 mark for each group of 3 statements) [5]

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7 (a) (b) (c) (1 mark each)



[3]

8 **Two** from:

- Faster to arrive/to be delivered
- Phone call is cheaper than a stamp
- You don't have to leave your house to send email
- Email can be read from any location
- Replies to emails can be quicker
- Easier (cheaper, quicker) to send same message to many people

[2]

9 (a) Interview (1)

- Can change script to suit circumstances/more likely to get truthful responses (1)
- Observation (1)
- Can gain broader overview of processes (1)
- Examining documents (1)
- Can follow data flow more easily/informs input/output format design (1)
- Questionnaires (1)
- Better for busy people/don't have to prearrange appointments (1)

[8]

(b) Title (1)

- Author's name (1)
- Reference/Accession number/ISBN/Publisher/Picture of cover/Dewey number/genre/fiction or non-fiction/target age group/picture of author/date published/summary of contents/no. of copies

(2 marks for 4 items, 1 for 3 items, else 0)

Information fills the page AND is clearly a screen form (1)

Appropriate spacing for each field (1)

[max. 5]

(c) **Three** from:

- Field name
- Field type
- Field length
- Key field
- Validation check
- Index
- Input mask

[3]

(d) Normal data (1)

- Data which is acceptable/within the given range (1)
- Abnormal data (1)
- Data of the wrong type/outside the given range (1)
- Extreme data (1)
- Data at either end of the allowed range (1)

[6]

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- (e) **Three** from:  
 Parallel running/implementation  
 Have to pay two sets of workers/takes a long time before system is fully implemented  
 Direct changeover  
 If unsuccessful lose all the data  
 Pilot running  
 If unsuccessful lose some data  
 Phased implementation  
 If unsuccessful lose some data [6]

- (f) **Three** from:  
 The ease of use of the solution  
 The appropriateness of the solution  
 Comparison of the solution with the original task requirements  
 Identification of any limitations  
 Identification of any improvements which can be made to the system  
 Evaluation of the users' responses to the results of testing the system [3]

- (g) **Three** from:  
 RSI – wrists  
 RSI – fingers  
 Headaches  
 Back problems  
 Sight problems [3]

- 10 Three from:**  
 System used to read bank/credit cards  
 At ATM or EFTPOS systems  
 PIN is typed in using PIN PAD  
 Details on chip are read by chip reader [3]

- 11** Online (1)  
 Batch (1)  
 Online (1)  
 Batch (1) [4]

- 12 (a)** E2 [1]

- (b) Any cell in range A1:A6 OR A1:E1 [1]

- (c) = C2 – B2 [1]

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- (d) Highlight D2 (1 for each line)  
Click copy  
Highlight D3:D6  
Click paste  
OR  
Highlight D2  
Using fill handle/little black cross/cross in bottom right hand corner of cell  
Drag down to D6  
OR  
Highlight D2  
Highlight D3:D6  
Click on fill down [max. 3]

(e) 6 [1]

- (f) **Two** from:  
Simulations  
Mathematical models  
Scientific models  
Civil engineering models [2]

- (g) **Two** from:  
Danger  
Cost of building real thing  
Time scale [2]

- 13 **Six** from:  
Input – questions asked by system/answers typed in/symptoms are typed in processing –  
expert system compares symptoms  
with those in the knowledge base  
using inference engine  
using rules base  
matches are found  
Output – suggested/possible diagnoses [6]

- 14 (a) **Three** from:  
Humidity  
Moisture  
Temperature  
pH  
Light [3]

- (b) Sensors produce analogue data/signal (1)  
Computers work in digital (1) [2]

- (c) Analogue to digital converter (1) [1]

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(d) **Two** from:

- Computer readings are more accurate
- Readings can be taken more frequently
- Readings can be taken any time of day or night
- Can produce graphs more quickly
- More reliable/readings taken at regular intervals

[2]

15 (a) **Three** from:

- Several people can take part in a conference regardless of where they are
- People are connected online
- Images of the members of conference appear on the screen
- Software is needed in each computer to operate the conference
- People who speak can be heard by all the other people in the conference

[3]

(b) **Two** from:

- Do not have to pay for conference room/less expensive than hiring larger accommodation
- Do not have to pay employee travelling expenses
- Do not have to pay for hotel rooms/overnight stays
- Conferences can be called at short notice

[2]

16 Technical (1)

Technical (1)

Technical (1)

User (1)

[4]

17 **Five** from:

DTP –

Advantages

- Can get information to every household

Disadvantages

- Need for physical distribution
- No sound
- No animation
- Printing costs

Presentation –

Advantages

- Sound
- Animation
- Interactive

Disadvantages

- Library will need to have screen/computer
- Cost of screen/computer
- Not everyone will visit the library

[6]

(Must be at least 1 advantage and 1 disadvantage or max 4 +1 for reasoned conclusion)

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**18 Seven from:**

Advantages

- Less danger of mugging
- Don't have to waste time travelling to shops/banks/theatres etc.
- Disabled people don't have to travel/leave home
- Don't have to spend money on travelling expenses travelling (long distances to shops/banks/theatres)
- Greater choice of goods/seats
- Can shop when shops/bank when banks/book tickets when theatres are closed

Disadvantages

- Lack of socialising/social contacts
- Customers must have a computer/Internet access/(basic) computer skills
- Hackers may intercept data and defraud customer
- Deprived of personal touch
- Phone bills can increase
- Without broadband other family members cannot use the phone
- Cannot see/feel goods in reality
- More vulnerable to phishing
- Lack of exercise

(+1 for reasoned conclusion

Max. 5 from either advantages or disadvantages)

[8]